FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended December 31, 2006

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issue under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is n						
Local Government Type		t Name Coopers		Coun	tawa	
☐ City ☐ Township ☐ Village ☒ Other Audit Date ☐ Opinion Date		Fire Protection				
Audit Date Opinion Date Date Accountant Report Submitted to State: December 31, 2006 March 9, 2007 March 13, 2007						
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the <i>Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> by the Michigan Department of Treasury.						
We affirm that:						
We have complied with the Bulletin for	r the Audits of Loc	al Units of Gove	ernment in Michi	gan as re	vised.	
We are certified public accountants re		_				
We further affirm the following. "Yes" res the report of comments and recommenda		n disclosed in th	e financial state	ments, in	cluding the	e notes, or in
You must check the applicable box for ea	ch item below.					
☐ yes ☒ no 1. Certain component	units/funds/agend	ies of the local	unit are exclude	d from the	financial	statements.
yes 🗵 no 2. There are accumula earnings (P.A. 275		e or more of this	unit's unreserve	ed fund ba	alances/re	tained
	yes 🗵 no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).					(P.A. 2 of
-	yes 🗵 no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.					
yes 🗵 no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).						
☐ yes ☑ no 6. The local unit has been delinquent distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.						
yes In o 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during they year).						
yes 🗵 no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 (MCL 129.241).					P.A. 266 of	
☐ yes ☒ no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).						
				I .	Го Ве	Not
We have enclosed the following:			Enclose	ed Fo	warded	Required
The letter of comments and recommend	lations.	_	X			
Reports on individual federal financial as	ssistance program	ns (program aud	its).			X
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).						
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.						
Street Address 512 N. Lincoln, Suite 100, P.O. Box 6	86_	City Ba	ay City	State MI	Zip 4870)7
Accountant Signature CO., P.C.						

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA 512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

March 9, 2007

To the Fire Board Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority Ottawa County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority for the year ended December 31, 2006. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Fire Board Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority Ottawa County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

A separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not always exist.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which an employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

We understand that due to the size of needed staff, a proper segregation of duties may be impractical and the "cost to benefit" relationship may not justify the addition of accounting staff to accomplish the desired segregation.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Fire Authority's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Fire Authority's financial statements, dated December 31, 2006.

SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Compbell, Kustoner & CO., P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	4
Government-wide Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund:	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Assets	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10-14
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	15

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA 512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707 TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 9, 2007

To the Fire Board Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority Ottawa County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority, Ottawa County, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Fire Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority, Ottawa County, Michigan as of December 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended December 31, 2006

The Management's Discussion and Analysis report of the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority covers the Fire Authority's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2006.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Fire Authority had \$518,745.81 in total net assets as of December 31, 2006. The ending fund balance in the General Fund was \$174,184.96. The Fire Authority had net capital assets totaling \$344,560.85.

Overall revenues totaled \$198,934.06.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Fire Authority and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Fire Authority in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide statements report information about the Fire Authority as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Fire Authority's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Fire Authority are reported as governmental activities. This includes the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended December 31, 2006

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fire Authority has the following funds:

Governmental funds: All of the Fire Authority's activities are included in the Governmental Fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. The Fire Authority's governmental funds include the General Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FIRE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

The Fire Authority has no loans.

Our cash position in the governmental activities remains strong.

The Fire Authority did not incur any debt in the previous year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FIRE AUTHORITY'S FUNDS

The General Fund pays for all of the Fire Authority's governmental services.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Fire Authority's governmental activities invested \$0 in capital assets.

The Fire Authority has no long-term debt.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The Charter Township of Polkton and the City of Coopersville have approved revenue funding to the Fire Authority at the same level for 2007 as was approved for in 2006. Due to these factors, the revenue position of the Fire Authority is strong for the near future. However, three of our six trucks are over twenty years old and will need to be replaced in the near to moderate future.

CONTACTING THE FIRE AUTHORITY'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, creditors, investors and customers with a general overview of the Fire Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Fire Authority's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Fire Authority Treasurer at 616-837-9381.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash in bank Investments	84 558 50 89 626 46
Total Current Assets	<u> 174 184 96</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1 138 690 52 (794 129 67)
Total Non-current Assets	344 560 85
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>518 745 81</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	
LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES	_
Total Current Liabilities	<u>-</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Total Non-current Liabilities	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	
NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	344 560 85 174 184 96
Total Net Assets	518 745 81
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>518 745 81</u>

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2006

		Program Revenue	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities: Public safety	180 180 07	186 500 00	6 319 93
Total Governmental Activities	180 180 07	186 500 00	6 319 93
General Revenues: Interest Miscellaneous			6 796 04 5 638 <u>02</u>
Total General Revenues			12 434 06
Change in net assets			18 753 99
Net assets, beginning of year			499 991 82
Net Assets, End of Year			518 745 81

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND December 31, 2006

<u>Assets</u>	Total (General)
Cash in bank Investments	84 558 50 89 626 46
Total Assets	<u> 174 184 96</u>
Liabilities and Fund Equity	
Liabilities Total liabilities	<u></u>
Fund equity: Fund balance: Unreserved:	
Undesignated Total fund equity	174 184 96 174 184 96
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	<u> 174 184 96</u>

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2006

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

174 184 96

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because –

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation	1 138 690 52 (794 129 67)
TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>518 745 81</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Year ended December 31, 2006

	Total (General)
Revenues: City of Coopersville Township of Polkton Interest Miscellaneous	111 900 00 74 600 00 6 796 04 5 638 02
Total revenues	<u> 198 934 06</u>
Expenditures: Public safety: Fire protection: Wages Payroll taxes Insurance Equipment maintenance Vehicle maintenance Radio maintenance Gas and oil Utilities Supplies Office supplies Audit Miscellaneous Dues and education	60 631 00 4 760 35 30 054 00 3 334 71 27 695 86 522 00 3 235 67 2 958 46 8 309 09 872 84 1 400 00 2 826 11 2 974 61
Total expenditures	<u> 149 574 70</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	49 359 36
Fund balance, January 1	124 825 60
Fund Balance, December 31	<u> 174 184 96</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended December 31, 2006

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND

49 359 36

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation

Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	(30 605 37)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	18 753 99

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority, Ottawa County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Fire Authority contain all the Fire Authority funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Fire Authority's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Coopersville Polkton Area Fire Protection Authority. The Fire Authority is governed by an elected Fire Board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Fire Authority as the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the Fire Authority's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Fire Authority reports only one fund as follows:

The General Fund is used to record the operations of the Fire Authority which pertain to
maintaining and operating the Fire Authority. Included are all transactions related to the approved
current operating budget.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Fire Authority. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

Inventories

Inventory is considered to be immaterial and is not recorded.

Property Taxes

The Fire Authority does not levy any property taxes.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Fire Authority as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles20 yearsEquipment5-20 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

The Fire Authority employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Compensated absences do not vest or accumulate and are recorded as expenditures when they are paid in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 16 "Accounting for Compensated Absences."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Post-employment Benefits

The Fire Authority provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Fire Board for consideration.
- 2. The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Fire Board.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 6. The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Fire Board.
- 7. The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 9. The budgeted amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Fire Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Fire Authority to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2006

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Fire Board has designated one bank for the deposit of Fire Authority funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Fire Authority's deposits and in	vestments are in	accordance witl	h statutory autho	ority.	
The Governmental Accounting Star are as follows:	ndards Board Sta	tement No. 3, ris	sk disclosures fo	or the cash deposit	s
				rying ounts	
Total Deposits			8	<u>4 558 50</u>	
Amounts in the bank balances are v	without consideri	ng deposits in tra	ansit or uncleare	ed checks.	
				nk ances	
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized			8	4 558 50 	
Total Deposits			8	<u>4 558 50</u>	
the Fire Authority. Risk category 1 i insured, registered, or held by the F that are neither insured nor registere counterparty's trust department (or a held by the counterparty or the counterparty. The GASB Statement No. 3 risk dis	ire Authority or its ed. Category 2 ir agent) in the Fire hterparty's trust d	s agent. Risk ca ncludes investme Authority's nam epartment (or ag	ategories 2 and ents that are he e. Category 3 i gent) but not in t	3 include investme d by the ncludes investmen he Fire Authority's	nts ts
follows:				Carrying	
Investment Type	(1)	(2)	(3)	Amount	
Risk-Categorized: Operating Funds		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
Total Risk-Categorized Investments					
Nonrisk-Categorized: Financial Institution Pooled Funds				<u>89 626 46</u>	
Total Investments				89 626 46	

The financial institution pooled funds are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Management believes that the investments in the funds comply with the investment authority noted above.

89 626 46

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2006

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Fire Authority's Governmental activities for the current year was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/06	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/06
Governmental Activities:				
Vehicles	979 232 00	-	-	979 232 00
Equipment	159 458 52	-	-	159 458 52
Total	1 138 690 52	-	-	1 138 690 52
Accumulated Depreciation	(763 524 30)	(30 605 37)	<u> </u>	<u>(794 129 67)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>375 166 22</u>	(30 605 37)		<u>344 560 85</u>

Note 5 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Fire Authority does not have a deferred compensation plan.

Note 6 - Pension Plan

The Fire Authority does not have a pension plan.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Fire Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Fire Authority has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year ended December 31, 2006

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget Over
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Revenues:				
City of Coopersville	111 900 00	111 900 00	111 900 00	_
Township of Polkton	74 600 00	74 600 00	74 600 00	=
Interest	-	-	6 796 04	6 796 04
Miscellaneous			5 638 02	5 638 02
Total revenues	<u> 186 500 00</u>	<u> 186 500 00</u>	<u>198 934 06</u>	12 434 06
Expenditures:				
Public safety:				
Fire protection	168 000 00	168 000 00	149 574 70	(18 425 30)
Contingency	6 500 00	6 500 00	-	(6 500 00)
Capital outlay	<u> 12 000 00</u>	12 000 00	<u>-</u>	(12 000 00)
Total expenditures	186 500 00	186 500 <u>00</u>	<u>149 574 70</u>	(36 925 30)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	-	-	49 359 36	49 359 36
Fund balance, January 1	-		<u>124 825 60</u>	124 825 60
Fund Balance, December 31			<u>174 184 96</u>	<u>174 184 96</u>